



REŠENJA ZA TEST IZ MATEMATIKE

1. Za jednačinu $x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$ na osnovu Vijetovih formula važi:

$$x_1 + x_2 = -\frac{-8}{1} = 8$$

$$x_1 x_2 = \frac{15}{1} = 15$$

Tada imamo:

$$7x_1^2 - 5x_1x_2 + 7x_2^2 = 7x_1^2 + 7x_2^2 - 5x_1x_2 = 7(x_1^2 + x_2^2) - 5x_1x_2 =$$

$$7(x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2 - 2x_1x_2) - 5x_1x_2 = 7((x_1 + x_2)^2 - 2x_1x_2) - 5x_1x_2 =$$

$$= 7(x_1 + x_2)^2 - 14x_1x_2 - 5x_1x_2 = 7(x_1 + x_2)^2 - 19x_1x_2 = 7 \cdot 64 - 19 \cdot 15 = 163$$

Dalje

$$x_1^3 - 3x_1^2x_2 - 3x_1x_2^2 + x_2^3 = x_1^3 + x_2^3 - 3x_1x_2(x_1 + x_2) =$$

$$= (x_1 + x_2)(x_1^2 - x_1x_2 + x_2^2) - 3x_1x_2(x_1 + x_2) =$$

$$= (x_1 + x_2)(x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2 - 3x_1x_2) - 3x_1x_2(x_1 + x_2) =$$

$$= (x_1 + x_2)((x_1 + x_2)^2 - 3x_1x_2) - 3x_1x_2(x_1 + x_2) =$$

$$= 8(64 - 45) - 45 \cdot 8 = 152 - 360 = -208$$

Dakle:

$$\frac{7x_1^2 - 5x_1x_2 + 7x_2^2}{x_1^3 - 3x_1^2x_2 - 3x_1x_2^2 + x_2^3} = -\frac{163}{208}$$

2. Neka je $t = \sin x$. Tada dobijamo:

$$2t^2 - 3t + 1 = 0$$

tj

$$(2t - 1)(t - 1) = 0$$

Na osnovu ovog imamo:

$$t = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{ili} \quad t = 1$$

Na osnovu ovoga dobijamo:

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{ili} \quad \sin x = 1$$

Tj

$$x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \quad x = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \quad x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$$

3. $\log_{10}(x^2 + 19) - \log_{10}(x - 8) = 2$

$$\log_{10}\left(\frac{x^2 + 19}{x - 8}\right) = 2$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 19}{x - 8} = 100$$

$$x^2 + 19 = 100x - 800$$

$$x^2 - 100x + 819 = 0$$

$$D = 10000 - 3276 = 6724 = 82^2$$

$$x_1 = 91, \quad x_2 = 9$$

Uslov je ispunjen: $x - 8 > 0 \Rightarrow x > 8$

Rešenja: $x_1 = 91, \quad x_2 = 9$

4. Prva cifra: 4 mogućnosti (2, 4, 6, 9)

Druga cifra: 4 mogućnosti

Treća cifra: 3 mogućnosti

$$\text{Ukupno: } 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 48$$

Odgovor: 48 brojeva.

5. $3x - 5y + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{5}x + \frac{2}{5}$

Koeficijent pravca je $k = \frac{3}{5}$.

Normalna prava ima koeficijent $k_n = -\frac{5}{3}$.

$$y - 4 = \left(-\frac{5}{3}\right)(x - 2)$$

$$3y - 12 = -5x + 10$$

$$5x + 3y - 22 = 0$$

Odgovor: $5x + 3y - 22 = 0$.

6. Opšti član:

$$T_k = C(20, k)(\sqrt{x})^{(20-k)} \left(\frac{1}{x^3}\right)^k$$

$$T_k = C(20, k)x^{((20-k)/2 - 3k)}$$

Eksponent uz x je: $10 - 7k/2$

Za x^{10} važi:

$$10 - 7k/2 = 10 \Rightarrow k = 0$$

Koeficijent je $C(20,0) = 1$.

Odgovor: 1.